



SV Web Services Toolkit REST API

Developer's manual

Last update : 2023-08-22

Revision : 1.0

Content : This document describes the REST Interface of SV Web Services Toolkit.

Confidentiality : Restricted

The information in this book is subject to change without notice and does not represent a commitment on the part of the publisher. The software described in this book is furnished under a license agreement and may only be used or copied in accordance with the terms of that agreement. It is against the law to copy software on any media except as specifically allowed in the license agreement. No part of this manual may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means without the express permission of the publisher. The author and publisher make no representation or warranties of any kind with regard to the completeness or accuracy of the contents herein and accept no liability of any kind including but not limited to performance, merchantability, fitness for any particular purpose, or any losses or damages of any kind caused or alleged to be caused directly or indirectly from this book. In particular, the information contained in this book does not substitute to the instructions from the products' vendor. This book may contain material belonging to third-parties. Such information is used exclusively in internal work processes and is not intended to be disclosed. In addition, this notice is not a claim of property on such third-party information.

All product names and trademarks mentioned in this document belong to their respective owner

Content

1. SV WEB SERVICES TOOLKIT	3
2. WEB SERVICES REST	5
3. BASIC PRINCIPLES.....	7
3.1 AUTHENTICATION	8
3.2 SIMPLE ACCESS TO RESOURCE.....	8
3.3 SUBSCRIPTION TO A RESOURCE	10
3.4 TWO-STEP REQUESTS	12
3.5 DATA	13
1. AUTHENTICATION SERVICE: OAUTH	14
1.1 AUTHENTICATION	15
1.2 LOGOUT	16
1.3 SCHEMAS.....	16
1.4 UNAUTHORIZED ERROR AND TIMEOUTS.....	17
2. REAL TIME DATA ACCESS SERVICE.....	18
2.1 COMMON	19
2.2 STATUS.....	19
2.3 BROWSING.....	20
2.4 READ VARIABLES.....	21
2.5 READ PROPERTIES	24
2.6 WRITE VARIABLES	25
2.7 SUBSCRIPTION	28
2.8 SCHEMAS.....	31
3. ALARM LIST ACCESS SERVICE	33
3.1 COMMON	34
3.2 STATUS.....	34
3.3 READ	35
3.4 ACTIONS.....	36
3.5 SUBSCRIPTION	38
3.6 SCHEMAS.....	40
4. HISTORICAL DATA ACCESS SERVICE	42
4.1 COMMON	43
4.2 STATUS.....	43
4.3 CONFIGURATION	44
4.4 TRENDS	46
4.5 LOGS.....	49
4.6 SCHEMAS.....	52

Scope of this document

The scope of this document is to describe and explain functional aspects of the *SV Web Services Toolkit RESTful API*. It is targeted at developers willing to implement a Web Services client taking advantage of the *SV Web Services Toolkit* public REST interfaces.

Web Services concepts

1. SV Web Services Toolkit

SV is intended to be a **web services server**.

Web Services Toolkit allows third-party applications to exchange data with the supervisor. It is a server API (Application Programming Interface) that provides following accesses:

- ★ Authentication/session management
- ★ Realtime data access
- ★ Real time alarm access
- ★ Historical data access: logged events and trends
- ★ Graphical data: mimics and symbols

Web Services Toolkit is available for several technologies:

- ★ SOAP/XML since SV version 8.00
- ★ REST since SV version 12.0

Present document exclusively focuses on the RESTful interface, which contains 5 public web services named:

- ★ OAuth
- ★ RealtimeData
- ★ RealtimeAlarm
- ★ HistoricalData
- ★ GraphicalData (not part in this document)

For the description of SV SOAP/XML web services, see the corresponding documentation.

Architecture

The set of web services contained in the *Web Services Toolkit* REST are only accessible over HTTPS (http secured).

SV relies on the Microsoft Internet Information Server (IIS) to manage the http layer. The IIS compatible versions with *Web Services Toolkit* follow the Operating Systems compatible with SV.

In SV architecture, one of the SCADA stations can have the role of *Web Backend*, which communicates (locally or remotely) with the Web application server (IIS). To set up web server, it is necessary to use the Web Deployment Console (WDC) provided with SV.

See SV documentation or online help for more information

- about Windows OS compatibility;
- about the *Web Services Toolkit* pre-requisite and IIS installation;
- about the web server deployment and WDC.

Licensing

The *Web Services Toolkit* is licensed. To be able to have the Web application server answering to calls, a licence is needed with at least one "Web Services Toolkit client" allowed. One session consumes one connection.

2. Web Services REST

A Web Service is an application or a data source reachable through a standard Web protocol, which allows communication and data exchange between heterogeneous applications over a network. A Web Service contains functionalities which are exposed from a Web server by using a communication based on requests-answers principle.

Web Services **REST** (REpresentational State Transfer) are lightweight, maintainable, and scalable services based on HTTP and URI standards. They fully expose their functionalities as a set of resources identifiable by URI and available through HTTP protocol syntax and semantics.

The key elements of a RESTful implementation are:

- ★ the **Resources** – data to be reached.

The address of a resource must be directly passed in the URL.

Example: in *RealtimeData* web service, the value of a variable "Branch01.Register01" is reachable with at

[https://\[ServerAddress\]/RealtimeData/v2/Values/Branch01/Register01](https://[ServerAddress]/RealtimeData/v2/Values/Branch01/Register01)

- ★ the **Request Verbs** – access methods which describe what to do with the resource.

The standard methods are GET (to read), POST (to add), PUT (to update), PATCH (to modify) and DELETE (to remove)

- ★ the **Request Headers** – additional instructions sent with the request.

These might define the type of response required or the authorization details.

- ★ the **Request Body** – data to be sent with the request.

Mainly used for POST messages, when data have to be added or modified.

- ★ the **Response Body** – this is the main body of the response.

The format of the response (XML, JSON, text...) can be defined in the request, according to the request type and the server capability.

The default response format for the *Web Services Toolkit* is JSON. But XML format can also be used.

- ★ the **Response Status codes** – general codes which are returned with the response.

For example, the code 200 is normally returned if there is no error when returning a response to the client.

Naming rules

Naming rules used by the *Web Services Toolkit* REST follow best practices for RESTful services design. In order to distinguish them from the existing SOAP/XML interface (v1.0), all services are prefixed by **"/v2/"**.

Example: [https://\[ServerAddress\]/RealTimeData/v2/Variables/System](https://[ServerAddress]/RealTimeData/v2/Variables/System)

Resources

The *Web Services Toolkit* REST provides the following RESTful resources:

- Branches
- Variables
- Subscriptions
- Alarms
- Trends
- Logs
- Mimics
- Symbols

The access methods used are:

- GET: to ask for resource (variable read, get mimic, configuration ...)
- POST: to send an action (write request, open session, create subscription)
- PUT: to update an existing resource (update subscription)
- DELETE: to delete user generated resources (like subscriptions)

Cybersecurity and Authentication

The *Web Services Toolkit* uses SSL/TLS encryption. It exclusively allows HTTPS communication.

The authorization is based on OAuth 2.0 **Bearer tokens**. This token is passed to the server in the "Authorization" HTTP header field.

The token is delivered by a specific authentication web service, which follows the state-of-the-art OAuth 2.0 specification, called "OAuth".

3. Basic principles

Web services take advantage of widely adopted technologies of the Internet field. In particular, Http relies on a client-server architecture used in a not-connected mode e.g., no one can assume what happens on the other side between 2 requests. More than that, the web services specification does not define anything with regards to session nor transaction management. Web services specifications are not designed to describe persistency between client requests.

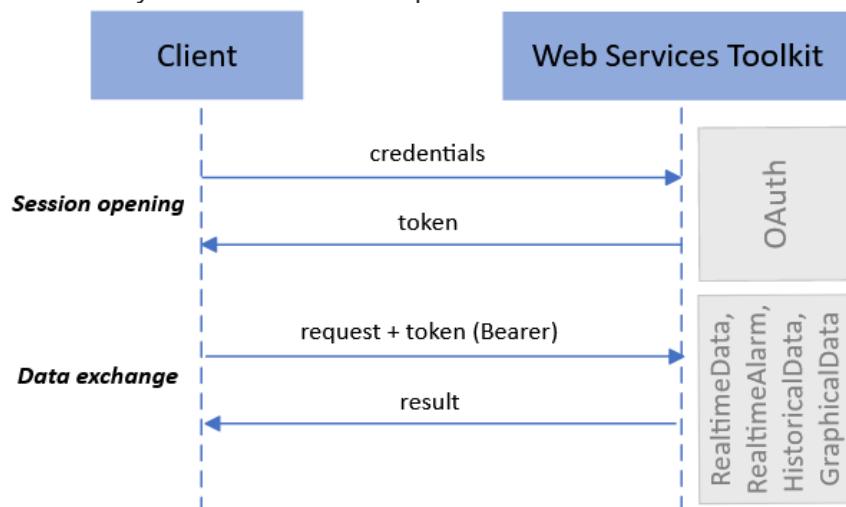


Figure 1 : communication principles

The *Web Services Toolkit* session layer gives SV the ability to:

- Manage data persistency between client requests.
- Associate resources allocated on the server side to the good client.
- Manage resources deallocation in case a client does not request anything for a long time (session time-out).

The session management layer permits a “connected mode” management and allows using the term “connected user”: Once a session is open, and as soon as the client software calls the server from time to time, the session remains valid, and the server may hold persistent data for it.

3.1 Authentication

Based on OAuth 2.0, the authentication web service *OAuth* supports several authentication methods:

- Authorization code flow
- Password credential flow
- Refresh code flow

The result of authentication procedures is a message (by default formatted in JSON), containing:

- an **access token**: used for data exchanges
- a **refresh token**: used for session reactivation

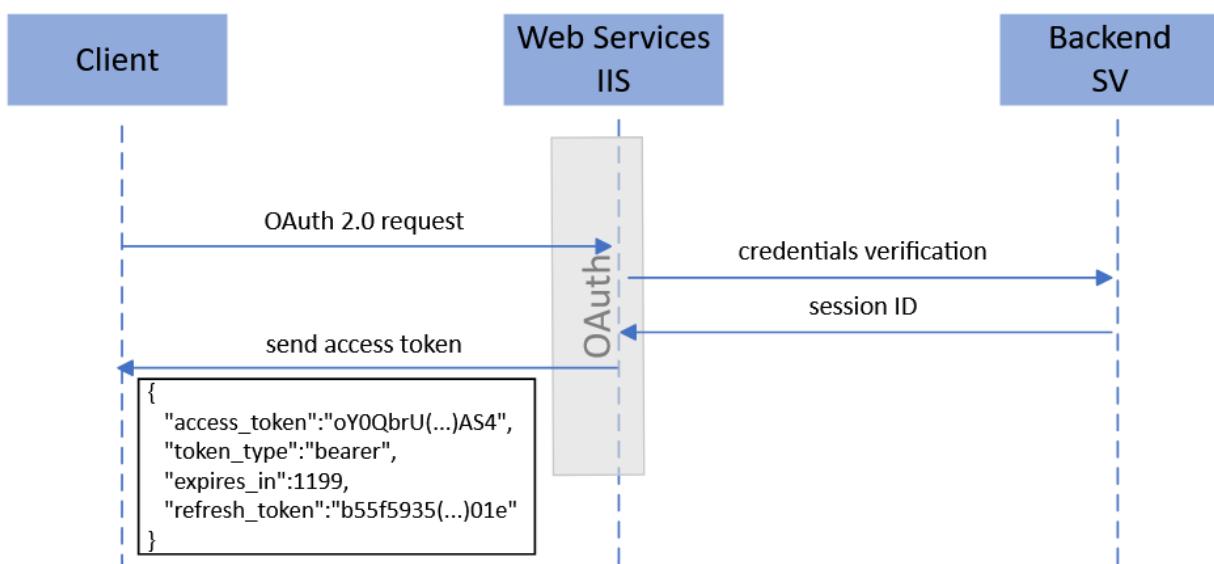


Figure 2 : authentication basic flow

3.2 Simple access to resource

Each web service allows to make a simple access to a resource. Those accesses are based on a one step request/response principle. The client only has to create an HTTP request with

- the right method (GET, POST)
- the good destination URI, according to the needed access
- a Header containing the authorization parameters (token)
- a Body, if necessary, containing the parameters to be sent

If the *token* is valid, the server answers returning a data.

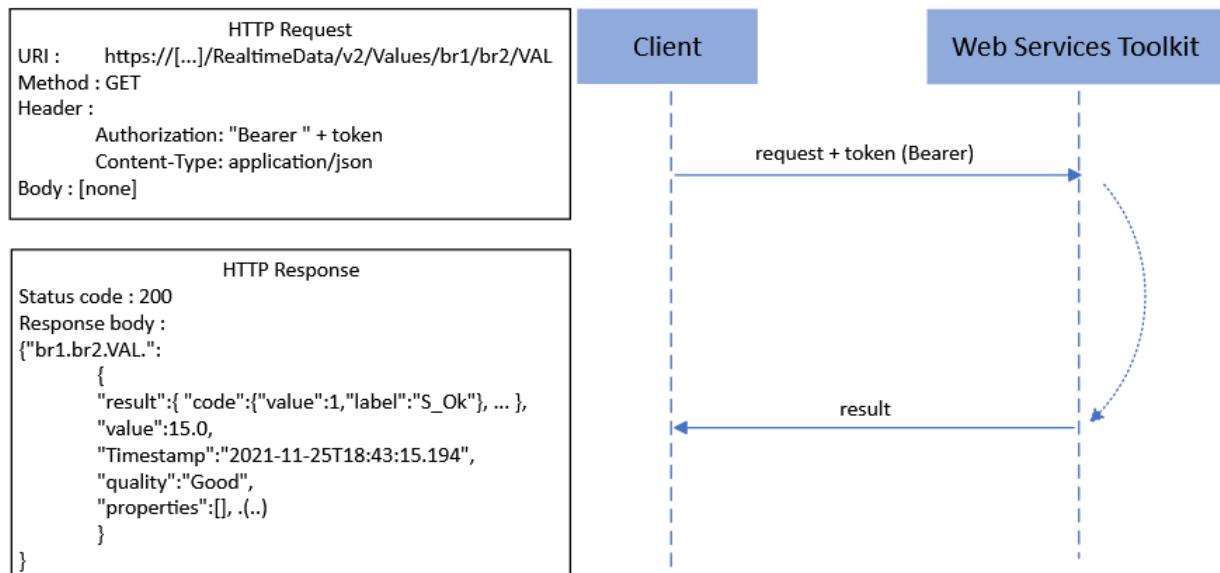


Figure 3 : Simple access principles - Read variable

For the *RealTimeData* service, the following simple accesses to real time variables are available:

- GET: Browse variables, Read variables, Read configuration
- POST: Write variables, Bulk read variables

For the *RealTimeAlarm* service, the following simple accesses to real time alarms are available:

- GET: Read list of alarms, Read filters
- POST: Send alarm associated action

For the *HistoricalData* service, only one access is available:

- GET: Read configuration, Get trend (method 2)

For the *GraphicalData* service, the following simple accesses to graphical objects are available:

- GET: Get a mimic, Get a symbol

3.3 Subscription to a resource

To read real time data from server, the *Web Services Toolkit* allows to use subscription to a resource. The subscription mechanism can be divided into 3 main steps.

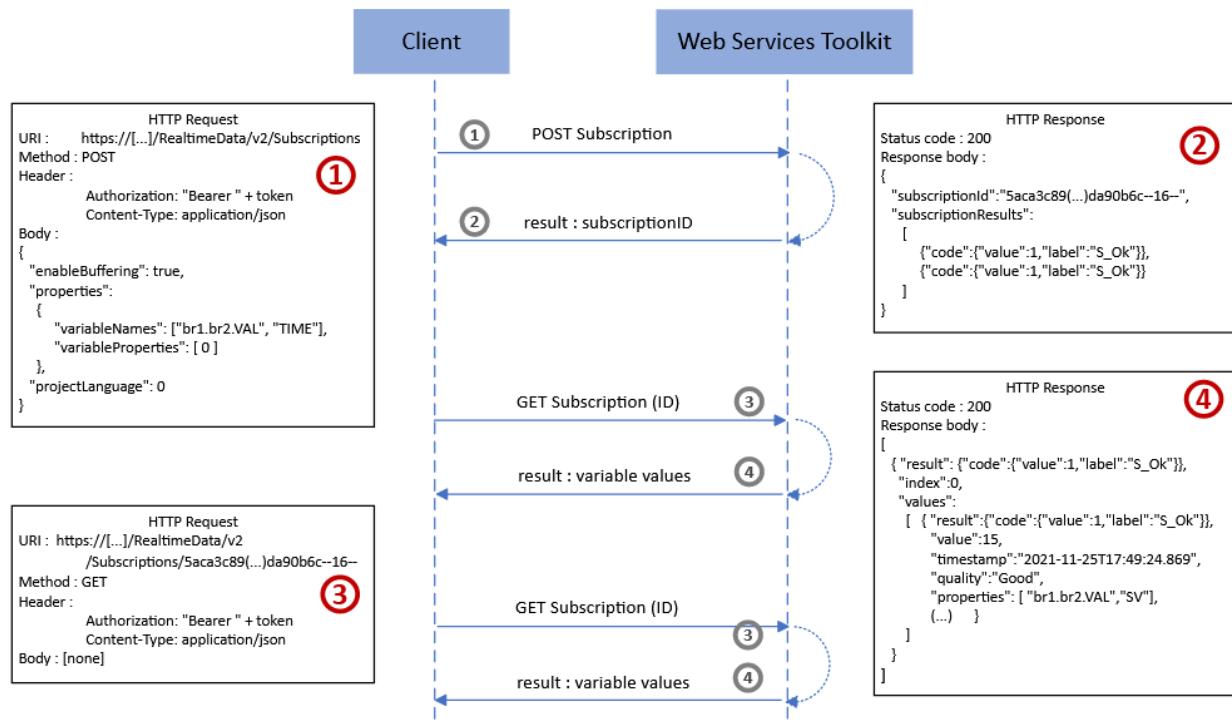


Figure 4 : Real time data subscription principles

Step 1:

As a preliminary operation, the web service client has to call the “subscription” method passing the server the parameters to subscribe (ex: a list of variable names). On receiving this request, the server allocates needed resources to be able to store data each time one of the requested resource changes.

Step 2:

When necessary for client-side processing, the client can call the “read subscribed data” method to get the set of data stored on server side since the last call (or since the subscription for the first call).

The call to “read subscribed data” method is usually cyclic or on user request on client side.

Step 3:

When the client does not need to retrieve values any more, the subscription can be cancelled by calling the “cancel subscription” method. Doing so allows the server to deallocate resources and stop watching for variable changes.

At any time during the life of such a subscription, the subscription parameters can be modified by calling the “modify subscription” method. In particular, it is possible to change the list of subscribed data.

Subscription options permit to retrieve only the last change of each data subscribed instead of all changes since last call to “read subscribed data” function.

The subscription mechanism is available for

- *RealTimeData* service: Read variables
- *RealTimeAlarm* service: Read Alarm lists

3.4 Two-step requests

To get historical data from server, it is necessary for SV to prepare the data which has to come from historical server.

The *Web Services Toolkit* allows to request SV archives for logged events and trends by using a two-step request. This kind of requests concerns only the *HistoricalData* service.

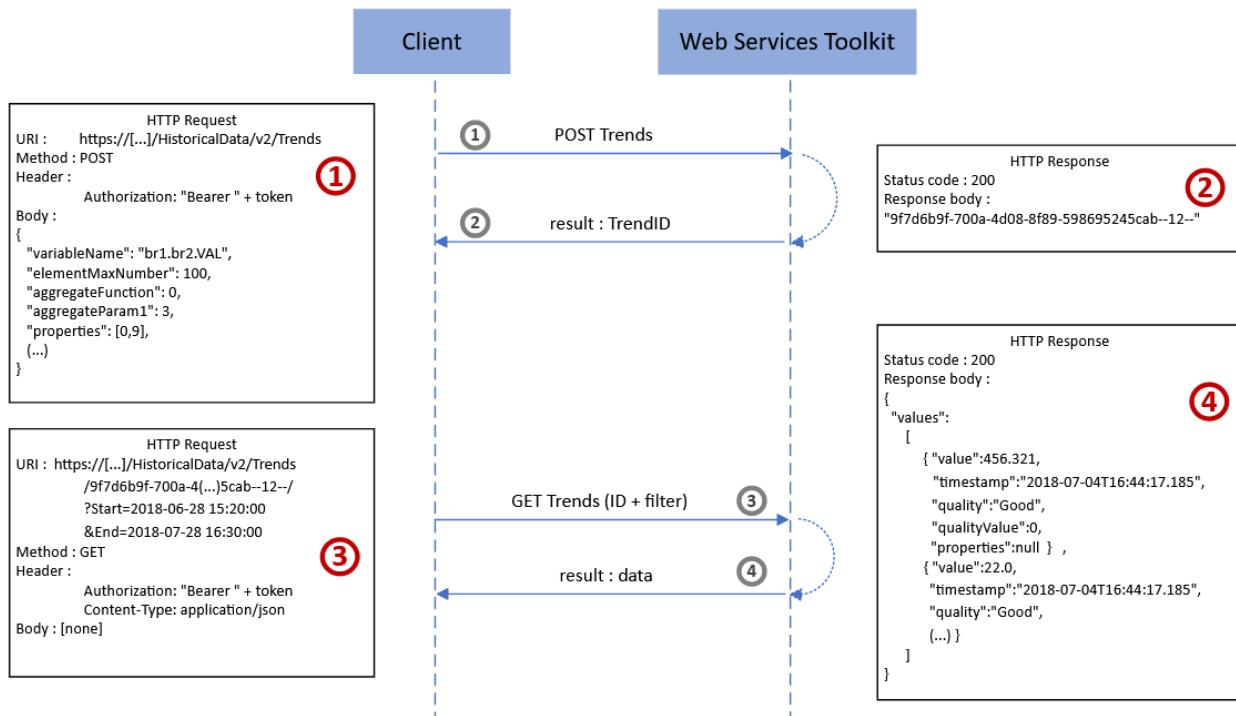


Figure 5 : Historical data request principles

The mechanism can be divided into 3 main phases:

Phase 1 (1st request: POST)

As a preliminary operation, the web service client has to call the “creation” method passing the server a set of parameters defining the request itself (log list name, trend name, additional filter, set of events and set of properties to retrieve in the SV archives). On receiving this request, the server allocates resources to be able to handle the request.

Phase 2 (2nd request: GET)

When necessary for client-side processing, the client can call the “get data” method to get the set of logged events / trend points for a given time period.

This request is usually called on user request on client side.

Phase 3

When the client does not need to retrieve logged events anymore, the log request can be closed by calling the “close” method. Doing so allows the server to deallocate resources.

At any time during the life of such a log request, the request parameters can be modified by calling the "modification" method. In particular, it is possible to change the filter.

The two-step requests are used in *HistoricalData* service for requesting:

- Trends: get values from archive
- Logs: get log list

3.5 Data

3.5.1 Timestamping

Data timestamps returned by the SV *Web Services Toolkit* methods or used as parameters are always of type *DateTime* and expressed in UTC.

3.5.2 Bilingual SV application

The *Web Services Toolkit* is able to return localized strings if it is available on server side.

The language to use for localized strings is defined by:

- The language defined in the profile of the user (for WebVue).
- The language defined at Session opening time.
- The language defined at method calling time.

See *SVLanguage* for more information.

See the SV documentation for more information on how to design bilingual applications.

REST API description

1. Authentication service: OAuth

Accessing to SV data requires that a session is opened between the client and the server.

Through web service **OAuth**, the following operations are possible:

- Request login window (necessary for "Authorization Code" grant)
- Request a token (session opening or refreshing)
- Session closing

OAuth Requests to authenticate in your project

GET	/OAuth/Account/login	Returns the login window of OAuth	▼
GET	/OAuth/Account/logout	End the session	▼
POST	/OAuth/token	Returns token for the session	▼

1.1 Authentication

GET

/OAuth/Account/login

Ask for an authorization code. Returns the login window of OAuth

Parameters:

Name	Value	Description	
response_type	code	Authorization provider.	<i>mandatory</i>
redirect_uri	<i>string</i>	Redirection URI as registered in the OAuth server's repository.	<i>mandatory</i>
client_id	<i>string</i>	Client application as registered in the OAuth server's repository.	<i>mandatory</i>
scope	[scopes]	List of services allowed to the client See	<i>mandatory</i>

Responses:

Code	Description
200	Successful No message
404	Not found Bad URI
400	Bad request Send by server: bad parameters

POST

/OAuth/token

Returns token for the session

Parameters:

Name	Value	Description	
grant_type	[grant type]	Authorization provider.	<i>mandatory</i>
client_id	<i>string</i>	Client application as registered in OAuth server's repository.	<i>mandatory</i>
client_secret	<i>string</i>	Secret of the client application as registered in OAuth server.	
scope	[scopes]	List of services allowed to the client	
redirect_uri	<i>string</i>	Redirection URI as registered in the OAuth server's repository.	
username	<i>string</i>	For grant "password": login to be sent	
password	<i>string</i>	For grant "password": password to be sent	
code	<i>string</i>	For grant "code", authorization code previously issued by the authorization server.	
refresh_token	<i>string</i>	For grant "refresh_token": Refresh token previously given by the authorization server.	

Exemple payload – format mandatory : x-www-form-urlencoded

```
{
    "grant_type": "password",
    "username": "web",
    "password": "web",
    "client_id": "SvQualifTool",
    "client_secret": "b0fd9ec2-f7d2-4984-b2c0-9325df43ed9d",
    "scope": "RealtimeData RealtimeAlarm HistoricalData GraphicalData"
}
```

Responses:

Code	Description
200	Succesfull JSON message
404	Not found Bad uri

400	Bad request	invalid_clientId, invalid_grant, E_AccessDenied, E_TooManyUsers, E_UnknownUser, E_SvNotAccessible
Response (JSON)		
{		<pre> "access_token": "oY0QbrNEx6UoNmozxugKYKMYHPPuj0MSz9ZYqKJn- 3FhzPzz5A5tK1dPNv2bxSMZ0fXNLJo2QGzBFY5FcPYMrbMACPzmFJojQTqXYmF3czHF7MRxBwFBOut2yM1lqaCSh5o0WCEn50F xNGAA8sFbYx1w0V1QsjYed372Ck3DwI7n_fRUQn3qwllzpbRxV9mz1veEOq4B0OPt5M- RwpayFvwK83w11PosdCupvt_BbzOzoeusxLlnPrrbSksmk14_CieLOXuk7yKFG1KPrwL47pJ30pirIX7x1SccLqdqHb5G1qGQx cJtpS6xpPONUbfftzFe3ZNtxCLmxXAYhBi3f--nhjuNy_LuqF ASNQ2wULyTW4", "token_type": "bearer", "expires_in": 1199, "refresh_token": "b55f5935-0fe1-4a50-b9a7-6693d194501e" }</pre>

1.2 Logout

GET /OAuth/Account/logout End the session

Parameters:

Only **Bearer token** in header

Responses:

Code	Description	
200	Succesfull	No message
404	Not found	Bad uri
401	Unauthorized	E_InvalidSessionId
400	Bad request	Send by server: bad parameters

1.3 Schemas

Grant_type	Description	Mandatory parameters
authorization_code	Used after LOGIN request	Code, clientId
password	Password Grant	ClientID, ClientSecret, login, password
refresh_token	Refresh token Grant	ClientID, ClientSecret, Refresh_token

Scopes	Description
RealtimeData	Allow RealtimeData access
RealtimeAlarm	Allow RealtimeAlarm access
HistoricalData	Allow HistoricalData access
GraphicalData	Allow GraphicalData access

1.4 Unauthorized error and timeouts

The figure below explains how to understand and to manage “HTTP 401 UnAuthorized” errors.

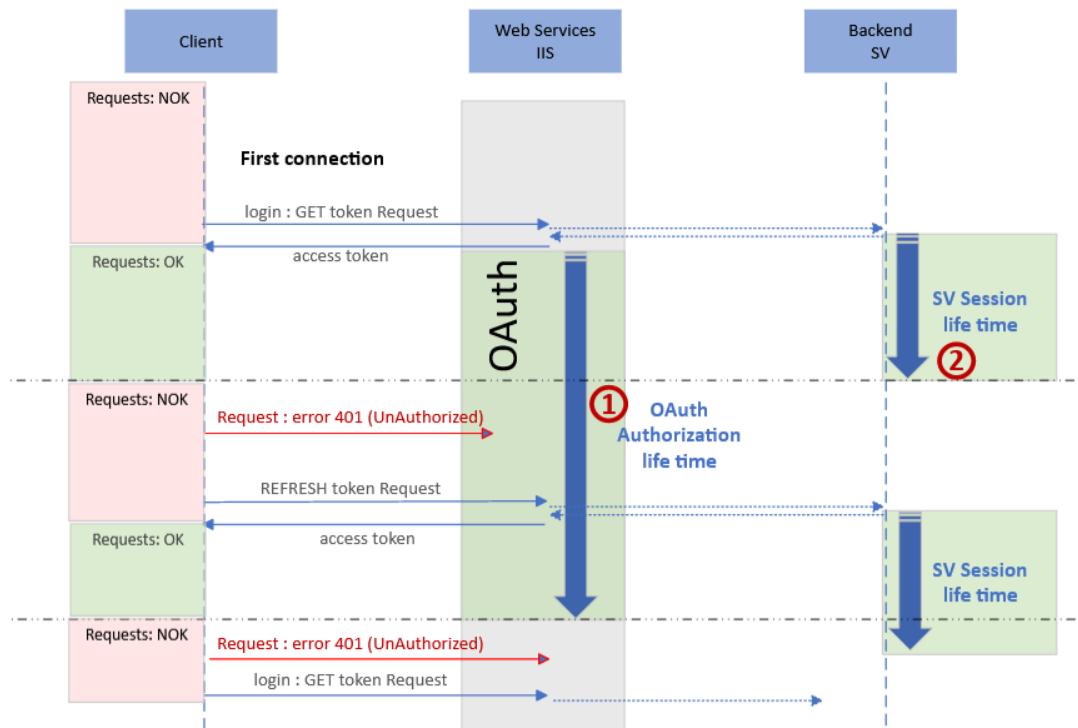


Figure 6 : Timeouts

- [1] OAuth Token will expire according to an “Authorization life time”. This parameter is sent with the access token message in the property “expires_in” (in seconds).

```
{
  "access_token": "oY0QbrU(...AS4",
  "token_type": "bearer",
  "expires_in": 1199,
  "refresh_token": "b55f5935(...01e"
}
```

Expiration date can be checked in the Web Deployment Console, menu “Token”.

- [2] SV session will expire if SV does not receive any solicitation during a specific time, which is called session timeout.

Session timeout can be customized in SV project running on the Backend:

→ Project setting - Web back ends

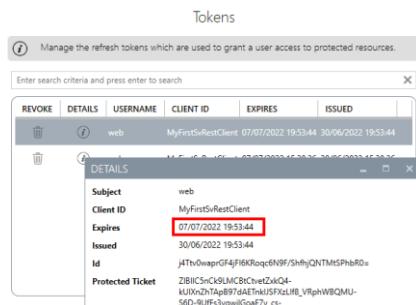


Figure 7 : OAuth Authorization timeout

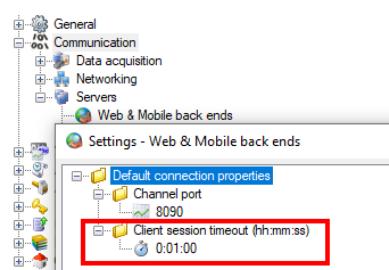


Figure 8 : SV session timeout

2. Real time data access service

This service allows getting data in relation with SV real time variables.

Through web service ***RealtimeData***, the following operations are possible:

- Browse variables
- Read one or more variable values
- Write one or more variable values
- Set VTQs of one or more variables
- Subscribe to a variable list
- Get subscribed variable values
- Modify subscription parameters
- Unsubscribe from a variable list
- Get one or more variable properties
- Get general configuration

A *Token* must be requested prior to use this set of methods.

RealTimeData Everything about RealtimeData REST services API

Find out more: <https://localhost/RealtimeData/Help> ^

<code>GET</code>	/RealTimeData/v2/Configuration/Variables	Returns the variables configuration		
<code>GET</code>	/RealTimeData/v2/Configuration/Watchlist	Returns the watchlist configuration		
<code>GET</code>	/RealTimeData/v2/Variables/{BranchName}	Browsing the variable database		
<code>GET</code>	/RealTimeData/v2/Values/{VariableName}	Reading a single variable		
<code>POST</code>	/RealTimeData/v2/Values/{VariableName}	Writing a single variable		
<code>POST</code>	/RealTimeData/v2/Values/Update/{VariableName}	Writing single variable VTQ's triplet		
<code>GET</code>	/RealTimeData/v2/Values	Reading multiple variables		
<code>POST</code>	/RealTimeData/v2/Values	Writing mutiple variables		
<code>POST</code>	/RealTimeData/v2/Values/Update	Writing Multiple variable VTQ's triplet		
<code>GET</code>	/RealTimeData/v2/Properties/{VariableName}/{PropertyName}	Fetching a single variable property		
<code>GET</code>	/RealTimeData/v2/Properties/{VariableName}	Fetching multiple variable properties		

POST	/RealTimeData/v2/Subscriptions Creating a subscription	✓
GET	/RealTimeData/v2/Subscriptions/{SubscriptionId} Polling a subscription	✓
PUT	/RealTimeData/v2/Subscriptions/{SubscriptionId} Modifying a subscription	✓
DELETE	/RealTimeData/v2/Subscriptions/{SubscriptionId} Cancelling a subscription	✓
GET	/RealTimeData/v2/Status Returns the status of RealTimeData	✓

2.1 Common

For all methods:

- A **Bearer token** is needed for the request to be authorized (in request header). Token must be delivered by OAuth web service.
- Allowed formats for body parameters: JSON
- HTTP response table:

Code	Description	
200	Successful	No message
404	Not found	Bad uri
401	Unauthorized	Session expired (server side: E_InvalidSessionId) or token expired
400	Bad request	Bad parameters (sent by server)

2.2 Status

GET	/RealTimeData/v2/Status	Returns the status of RealTimeData
Parameters:		
No parameter		
Responses:		
Response (JSON) <pre>{ "code": { "value": 1, "label": "S_Ok" }, "description": "" }</pre>		

2.3 Browsing

GET

/RealTimeData/v2/Variables/{BranchName}

Browsing the variable database

Parameters:

Name	Value	Description
{BranchName}	string(\$.../...)	Filter by branch. Ex: .../v2/Variables/system/hds
Type	array of [VariableType]	Filter by variable type.
Depth	integer	Number of branches, default is 1
Size	integer	Number of items to be returned
Offset	integer	
ContinuationPoint	string	Receiving the next 500 items from the named variable.

Example URL

.../RealtimeData/v2/Variables/system/localhost?Depth=0&Size=2

Responses:

Response (JSON)

```
{
  "variableCollectionIterator": {
    "branches": [
      "system",
      "localhost"
    ],
    "variableType": [
      "Any"
    ],
    "VariableName": "System.LocalHost.User",
    "CollectionRecordSize": 2,
    "DepthLevel": 0,
    "FilterCriteria": ""
  },
  "variableCollections": [
    {
      "branches": [
        "system",
        "localhost"
      ],
      "variableType": "Text",
      "VariableName": "Profile",
      "IsReadOnly": true,
      "IsLeaf": true,
      "Label": ""
    },
    {
      "branches": [
        "system",
        "localhost"
      ],
      "variableType": "Text",
      "VariableName": "User",
      "IsReadOnly": true,
      "IsLeaf": true,
      "Label": ""
    }
  ]
}
```

2.4 Read variables

GET

/RealTimeData/v2/Values/{VariableName}

Reading a single variable

Parameters:

Name	Value	Description	
{VariableName}	string(\$.../...)	Variable name to read.	mandatory
properties	array of [VariableProperties]	Additional properties to be returned.	
language	[SVLanguage]	Language setting.	

Example URL

.../RealtimeData/v2/Values/Engine01/P1/Temp?Properties=VariableName&Language=AlternativeLanguage&Properties=Description&Properties=TextAttr03&Properties=TextAttr04

Responses:

Response (JSON)

```
{
  "Engine01.P1.Temp": {
    "result": {
      "code": {
        "value": 1,
        "label": "S_Ok"
      },
      "Description": null
    },
    "value": 56,
    "Timestamp": "2022-06-29T09:23:53.351",
    "quality": "Good",
    "properties": [
      "Engine01.P1.Temp",
      "",
      "Site B",
      ""
    ],
    "IsReadOnly": true,
    "QualityValue": 192,
    "alarm": null
  }
}
```

GET

/RealTimeData/v2/Values

Reading multiple variables

(beware of URL length)

Parameters:

Name	Value	Description	
variables	array of string	Name of the variable to be returned.	mandatory
properties	array of [VariableProperties]	Additional properties to be returned.	
language	[SVLanguage]	Language setting.	

Example URL

.../RealtimeData/v2/Values/?Language=2&Variables[0]=varsets.varset001.Text&Variables[1]=varsets.varset001.Register&Properties=VariableName&Properties=Description&Properties=TextAttr03

Responses:

Response (JSON)

```
{
    "varsets.varset001.Text": {
        "result": {
            "code": {
                "value": 1,
                "label": "S_Ok"
            },
            "Description": null
        },
        "value": "",
        "Timestamp": "2022-06-29T08:30:40.364",
        "quality": "Bad",
        "properties": [
            "varsets.varset001.Text",
            "Description 2 of Qualif_12_WST_REST.varsets.varset001.Text",
            "varsets.varset001.ExtAttr.AttrExtContent_03"
        ],
        "IsReadOnly": false,
        "QualityValue": 0,
        "alarm": null
    },
    "varsets.varset001.Register": {
        "result": {
            "code": {
                "value": 1,
                "label": "S_Ok"
            },
            "Description": null
        },
        "value": 0,
        "Timestamp": "2022-06-29T08:31:21.273",
        "quality": "Good",
        "properties": [
            "varsets.varset001.Register",
            "Description 2 of Qualif_12_WST_REST.varsets.varset001.Register",
            "varsets.varset001.ExtAttr.AttrExtContent_03"
        ],
        "IsReadOnly": false,
        "QualityValue": 192,
        "alarm": null
    }
}
```

Remark:

In HTTP, parameters of a request using GET method must be directly inserted in the URL. The used URL is then formatted as following:

https://url?param1=value1¶m2=value2

The consequence is that reading many variables with **/RealTimeData/v2/Values** address can generate a very long URL, which can exceed the maximum length allowed by clients (browsers, libraries...).

To read a large number of variables, it is better to use **/RealTimeData/v2/BulkRead** function, which use POST method.

POST

/RealTimeData/v2/BulkRead

Reading multiple variables (without URI length limitation)

Parameters:

Name	Value	Description	
variables	array of string	Name of the variable to be returned	mandatory
properties	array of [VariableProperties]	Additionnal properties to be returned.	
language	[SVLanguage]	Language setting	

Exemple playload (JSON)

```
{
    "Variables": [
        "varsets.varset001.Text",
        "varsets.varset001.Register"
    ],
    "Properties": [
        "VariableName",
        "Description",
        "TextAttr03"
    ]
}
```

Responses:

Response (JSON)

```
{
    "varsets.varset001.Text": {
        "result": {
            "code": {
                "value": 1,
                "label": "S_Ok"
            },
            "Description": null
        },
        "value": "",
        "Timestamp": "2022-06-29T08:30:40.364",
        "quality": "Bad",
        "properties": [
            "varsets.varset001.Text",
            "Description 2 of Qualif_12_WST_REST.varsets.varset001.Text",
            "varsets.varset001.ExtAttr.AttrExtContent_03"
        ],
        "IsReadOnly": false,
        "QualityValue": 0,
        "alarm": null
    },
    "varsets.varset001.Register": {
        "result": {
            "code": {
                "value": 1,
                "label": "S_Ok"
            },
            "Description": null
        },
        "value": 0,
        "Timestamp": "2022-06-29T08:31:21.273",
        "quality": "Good",
        "properties": [
            "varsets.varset001.Register",
            "Description 2 of Qualif_12_WST_REST.varsets.varset001.Register",
            "varsets.varset001.ExtAttr.AttrExtContent_03"
        ],
    }
}
```

```

        "IsReadOnly": false,
        "QualityValue": 192,
        "alarm": null
    }
}

```

2.5 Read properties

GET

/RealTimeData/v2/Properties/{VariableName}

Fetching variable properties

Parameters:

Name	Value	Description	
{VariableName}	string(\$.../...)	Variable name to read.	mandatory
Properties	array of [VariableProperties]	Properties to be returned.	mandatory

Example URL

.../RealtimeData/v2/Properties/varsets/varset001/Register?Properties=VariableName&Properties=Description&Properties=TimestampType&Properties=TextAttr03&Properties=MinValue&Properties=MaxValue&Properties=Unit

Responses:

Response (JSON)

```
[
  {
    "result": {
      "code": {
        "value": 1,
        "label": "S_Ok"
      },
      "Description": null
    },
    "properties": [
      "varsets.varset001.Register",
      "Description 1 of Qualif_12_WST_REST.varsets.varset001.Register",
      "SV",
      "varsets.varset001.ExtAttr.AttrExtContent_03",
      0,
      65535,
      "reg unit"
    ]
  }
]
```

2.6 Write variables

POST

/RealTimeData/v2/Values/{VariableName} Writing a single variable

Parameters:

Name	Value	Description	
{VariableName}	string(\$.../..)	Variable name to write.	mandatory
Value	string	Value to write	mandatory
Example URL			
.../RealtimeData/v2/Values/varsets/varset001/Register			
Exemple payload (JSON)			
<pre>{ "value": "22" }</pre>			

Responses:

Response (JSON)

```
[
    {
        "code": {
            "value": 1,
            "label": "S_Ok"
        },
        "description": null
    }
]
```

POST

/RealTimeData/v2/Values

Writing mutiple variables

Parameters:

Name	Value	Description	
variables	array of string	Name of the variable to be returned	mandatory
values	array of string	Value to write in each variable	mandatory
CustomUserName	string	Alternative username to be used by SV	

Exemple payload (JSON)

```
{
    "customUserName": "Ralph",
    "variables": [
        "varsets.varset001.Register",
        "varsets.varset001.Text"
    ],
    "values": [
        "77.7",
        "Salut"
    ]
}
```

Responses:

Response (JSON)

```
[
    {
        "code": {
            "value": 1,
            "label": "S_Ok"
        }
    }
]
```

```

        },
        "description": null
    },
    {
        "code": {
            "value": 1,
            "label": "S_Ok"
        },
        "description": null
    }
]

```

POST
/RealTimeData/v2/Values/Update/{VariableName}

Writing single variable VTQ's triplet

Parameters:

Name	Value	Description	
{VariableName}	string(\$.../..)	Variable name to write.	mandatory
Value	[UpdateValue]	Value to write	mandatory
CustomUserName	string	Alternative username to be used by SV	

Example URL

.../RealtimeData/v2/Values/varsets/varset001/Register

Exemple payload (JSON)

```
{
    "Value": {
        "Timestamp": "2018-07-02T13:42:09.0061806+02:00",
        "Quality": "QualityBadWatchdogFailure",
        "value": "1.32"
    }
}
```

Responses:

Response (JSON)

```
[
    {
        "code": {
            "value": 1,
            "label": "S_Ok"
        },
        "description": null
    }
]
```

POST
/RealTimeData/v2/Values/Update

Writing Multiple variable VTQ's triplet

Parameters:

Name	Value	Description	
values	array of [UpdateValue]	Value to write in each variable	mandatory

Exemple payload (JSON)

```
{
    "Values": [
        {
            "name": "varsets.varset002.Register",
            "Timestamp": "2018-06-02T13:42:09.0061806+02:00",
            "value": 1
        }
    ]
}
```

```
        "Quality": "0",
        "value": "617"
    },
    {
        "name": "varsets.varset002.Register",
        "Timestamp": "2018-06-02T12:42:09.0061806+02:00",
        "Quality": "0",
        "value": "244"
    }
]
```

Responses:

Response (JSON)

```
[
    {
        "code": {
            "value": 1,
            "label": "S_Ok"
        },
        "description": null
    },
    {
        "code": {
            "value": 1,
            "label": "S_Ok"
        },
        "description": null
    }
]
```

2.7 Subscription

POST

/RealTimeData/v2/Subscriptions

Creating a subscription

Parameters:

Name	Value	Description	
properties	array of VariableRequestParameters	Subscription parameters	<i>mandatory</i>
EnableBuffering	string ("true" or "false")	Ask server to retain every value between two requests	

Exemple payload (JSON)

```
{
    "EnableBuffering": "false",
    "Properties": {
        "projectLanguage": "1",
        "variableNames": [
            "varsets.varset001.Register",
            "varsets.varset001.Ala"
        ],
        "variableProperties": [
            "Description",
            "TimestampType",
            "varName"
        ]
    }
}
```

Responses:

Response (JSON)

```
{
    "subscriptionId": "961274e5-670c-47a0-99f5-f8371d4646bc--16--",
    "subscriptionResults": [
        {
            "code": {
                "value": 1,
                "label": "S_Ok"
            },
            "description": null
        },
        {
            "code": {
                "value": 1,
                "label": "S_Ok"
            },
            "description": null
        }
    ]
}
```

GET

/RealTimeData/v2/Subscriptions/{SubscriptionId}

Polling a subscription

Parameters:

Name	Value	Description	
{SubscriptionId}	string	Subscription Id	<i>mandatory</i>

Example URL

.../RealtimeData/v2/Subscriptions/961274e5-670c-47a0-99f5-f8371d4646bc--16--/

Responses:

Response (JSON)

```
[
  {
    "result": {
      "code": {
        "value": 1,
        "label": "S_Ok"
      },
      "description": null
    },
    "index": 0,
    "values": [
      {
        "result": {
          "code": {
            "value": 1,
            "label": "S_Ok"
          },
          "description": null
        },
        "value": 1.32,
        "timestamp": "2018-07-02T13:42:09.006",
        "quality": "Bad",
        "properties": [
          "Description 1 of Qualif_12_WST_REST.varsets.varset001.Register",
          "SV"
        ],
        "isReadOnly": false,
        "qualityValue": 0,
        "alarm": null
      }
    ]
  }
]
```

PUT

/RealTimeData/v2/Subscriptions/{SubscriptionId}

Modifying a subscription

Parameters:

Name	Value	Description	
{SubscriptionId}	string	Subscription Id	mandatory
properties	array of VariableRequestParameters	Subscription parameters	mandatory
EnableBuffering	string ("true" or "false")	Ask server to retain every value between two requests	

Example URL

.../RealtimeData/v2/Subscriptions/961274e5-670c-47a0-99f5-f8371d4646bc--/

Exemple payload (JSON)

```
{
  "EnableBuffering": "false",
  "Properties": {
    "projectLanguage": "1",
    "variableNames": [
      "varsets.varset001.Register",
      "varsets.varset001.Register"
    ]
  }
}
```

```
        "varsets.varset001.Text",
        "varsets.varset001.Bit",
        "varsets.varset001.Ala"
    ],
    "variableProperties": [
        "Description",
        "TimestampType",
        "varName"
    ]
}
```

Responses:

Response (JSON)

```
{  
    "subscriptionId": "0d359493-5e26-4783-ac4c-d9d6bfabb170--16--",  
    "subscriptionResults": [  
        {  
            "code": {  
                "value": 1,  
                "label": "S_Ok"  
            },  
            "description": null  
        },  
        {  
            "code": {  
                "value": 1,  
                "label": "S_Ok"  
            },  
            "description": null  
        },  
        {  
            "code": {  
                "value": 1,  
                "label": "S_Ok"  
            },  
            "description": null  
        },  
        {  
            "code": {  
                "value": 1,  
                "label": "S_Ok"  
            },  
            "description": null  
        }  
    ]  
}
```

DELETE

/RealTimeData/v2/Subscriptions/{SubscriptionId}

Cancelling a subscription

Parameters:

Name	Value	Description	
{SubscriptionId}	string	Subscription Id	<i>mandatory</i>

Responses:

Response (JSON)
<pre>{ "code": { "value": 1, "label": "S_Ok" }, "description": null }</pre>

2.8 Schemas

SVLanguage

Name	Value	Description
ContextDefault	0	
BaseLanguage	1	
AlternativeLanguage	2	

VariableType

Name	Value	Description
Any	0	
Bit	1	
Alarm	2	
Register	3	
Text	4	
Branch	5	

VariableProperty

Name	Value	Description
VariableName	0	
Description	1	
TimestampType	2	
AssocLabel	3	
TextAttr01 → TextAttr16	4 → 19	
DeferredTextAttr03 → DeferredTextAttr16	20 → 33	
BinAttr	34	
MinValue	35	
MaxValue	36	
MinControlValue	37	
MaxControlValue	38	
MinVariableName	39	
MaxVariableName	40	
MinControlVariableName	41	
MaxControlVariableName	42	
Unit	43	
Format	44	
Anim0AssocLabel	45	
Anim1AssocLabel	46	

Cmd0AssocLabel	47	
Cmd1AssocLabel	48	
Log0AssocLabel	49	
Log1AssocLabel	50	
FormattedValue	51	
AlarmLevel	52	
Maintenance	53	
VariableType	54	

UpdateValue

Name	Value	Description
Name	string	
Value	string	
Quality	[UpdateValueQuality]	
Timestamp	string	

UpdateValueQuality

Name	Value	Description
QualityGood	0	
QualityBad	1	
QualityBadCommunicationFailure	2	
QualityBadBadFormattingValue	3	
QualityBadWatchdogFailure	4	

VariableRequestParameters

Name	Value	Description
variableNames	array of string	
variableProperties	array of [VariableProperty]	
projectLanguage	[SVLanguage]	
Context	string	

3. Alarm list access service

This service allows getting alarm data in relation with the SV alarm manager.

Through web service ***RealtimeAlarm***, the following operations are possible:

- Subscribe to an alarm filter
- Set subscription parameters
- Request alarm data for an alarm subscription
- Unsubscribe from an alarm list
- Get alarm associated labels
- Get filter names list
- Execute user actions (acknowledgement, masking, unmasking ...)

A *Token* must be requested prior to using this set of methods.

RealTimeAlarm Everything about RealtimeAlarm REST services API

Find out more: <https://localhost/RealtimeAlarm/Help> ^

<code>GET</code>	<code>/RealTimeAlarm/v2/Configuration/Alarms</code>	Returns the alarm configuration		
<code>GET</code>	<code>/RealTimeAlarm/v2/Filters</code>	Returns the set of filters that is available for the alarm management system. This method provides the ability to retrieve the set of predefined filters managed by the server.		
<code>GET</code>	<code>/RealTimeAlarm/v2/Values</code>	Reading alarm data		
<code>POST</code>	<code>/RealTimeAlarm/v2/Subscriptions</code>	Creating an alarm subscription		
<code>GET</code>	<code>/RealTimeAlarm/v2/Subscriptions/{SubscriptionId}</code>	Polling an alarm subscription		
<code>PUT</code>	<code>/RealTimeAlarm/v2/Subscriptions/{SubscriptionId}</code>	Modifying an alarm subscription		
<code>DELETE</code>	<code>/RealTimeAlarm/v2/Subscriptions/{SubscriptionId}</code>	Cancelling an alarm subscription		

POST	/RealTimeAlarm/v2/Actions/SetTakenIntoAccount/{VariableName}	SetTakenIntoAccount one alarm. This method provides the ability to perform an action on one alarm.	✓	🔒
POST	/RealTimeAlarm/v2/Actions/SetTakenIntoAccount	SetTakenIntoAccount multiple alarm. This method provides the ability to perform an action on multiple alarm.	✓	🔒
POST	/RealTimeAlarm/v2/Actions/ResetTakenIntoAccount/{VariableName}	ResetTakenIntoAccount one alarm. This method provides the ability to perform an action on one alarm.	✓	🔒
POST	/RealTimeAlarm/v2/Actions/ResetTakenIntoAccount	ResetTakenIntoAccount multiple alarm. This method provides the ability to perform an action on multiple alarm.	✓	🔒
POST	/RealTimeAlarm/v2/Actions/Ack/{VariableName}	Acknowledge one alarm. This method provides the ability to perform an action on one alarm.	✓	🔒
POST	/RealTimeAlarm/v2/Actions/Ack	Acknowledge multiple alarm. This method provides the ability to perform an action on multiple alarm.	✓	🔒
POST	/RealTimeAlarm/v2/Actions/Mask/{VariableName}	Mask one alarm. This method provides the ability to perform an action on one alarm.	✓	🔒
POST	/RealTimeAlarm/v2/Actions/Mask	Mask multiple alarm. This method provides the ability to perform an action on multiple alarm.	✓	🔒
POST	/RealTimeAlarm/v2/Actions/Unmask/{VariableName}	Unmask one alarm. This method provides the ability to perform an action on one alarm.	✓	🔒
POST	/RealTimeAlarm/v2/Actions/Unmask	Unmask multiple alarm. This method provides the ability to perform an action on multiple alarm.	✓	🔒
GET	/RealTimeAlarm/v2/Status	Returns the status of RealTimeAlarm	✓	🔒

3.1 Common

For all methods:

- A **Bearer token** is needed for the request to be authorized (in request header). Token must be delivered by OAuth web service.
- Allowed formats for body parameters: JSON
- HTTP response table:

Code	Description	
200	Successful	No message
404	Not found	Bad uri
401	Unauthorized	Session expired (server side: E_InvalidSessionId) or token expired
400	Bad request	Bad parameters (sent by server)

3.2 Status

GET	/RealTimeAlarm/v2/Status	Returns the status of RealTimeAlarm
Parameters:		
No parameter		
Responses:		
Response (JSON) <pre>{ "code": { "value": 1, "label": "S_Ok" }, "description": "" }</pre>		

3.3 Read

GET

/RealTimeAlarm/v2/Values

Reading alarm data

Parameters:

Name	Value	Description
Events	array of [AlarmSupportedEventCode]	Event codes for alarm list items to be returned by the request. <i>mandatory</i>
Language	[SVLanguage]	SV language for the request. If not set, use of session language.
MinLevel	integer	Minimum alarm level
MaxLevel	integer	Maximum alarm level
Size	integer	Maximum Number of items to retrieve
Properties	array of [AlarmProperty]	Additional properties to be provided for each returned alarm list item.
PriorityFilter	[PriorityFilter]	Defines how to interpret the minimum level and maximum level properties
Filters	array of string	Additional filter criteria to be applied to the request
LogicalOperator	boolean	Operator applied to the filter criteria. True = logical AND, False = logical OR

Example URL

.../RealtimeAlarm/v2/Values?Language=1&Size=50&MinLevel=0&MaxLevel=4&PriorityFilter=All&Events[0]=AlarmUnavailable&Properties[0]=0&Properties[1]=1&Properties[2]=2

Responses:

Response (JSON)

```
{
  "values": [
    {
      "removedFromList": false,
      "timestamp": "2022-06-29T08:30:40.363",
      "eventCode": "AlarmUnavailable",
      "properties": [
        "varsets.varset001.Ala",
        "la_ns",
        "Unavailable"
      ],
      "eventValue": 16
    },
    {
      "removedFromList": false,
      "timestamp": "2022-06-29T08:30:40.364",
      "eventCode": "AlarmUnavailable",
      "properties": [
        "varsets.varset002.Ala",
        "la_ns",
        "Unavailable"
      ],
      "eventValue": 16
    },
    {
      "removedFromList": false,
      "timestamp": "2022-06-29T08:30:40.393",
      "eventCode": "AlarmUnavailable",
      "properties": [
        "varsets.varset003.Ala",
        "la_ns",
        "Unavailable"
      ],
      "eventValue": 16
    }
  ]
}
```

```

    "properties": [
        "br1.br2.br3.br4.br5.br6.br7.br8.br9.br10.AlarmEventCodes.4",
        "la_ns",
        "Unavailable"
    ],
    "eventValue": 16
}
],
"maxNumberExceeded": false
}

```

3.4 Actions

POST

/RealTimeAlarm/v2/Actions

/SetTakenIntoAccount/{VariableName}	SetTakenIntoAccount one alarm
/ResetTakenIntoAccount/{VariableName}	ResetTakenIntoAccount one alarm
/Ack/{VariableName}	Acknowledge one alarm
/Mask/{VariableName}	Mask one alarm
/Unmask/{VariableName}	Unmask one alarm

Parameters:

Name	Value	Description	
{VariableName}	string(\$.../...)	Alarm to be set	<i>mandatory</i>
Properties	array of [ExecuteUserActionParameters]	Additional properties	

Example URL

.../RealtimeAlarm/v2/Actions/SetTakenIntoAccount/varsets/varset004/AlarmEventCodes/0

Exemple playload (JSON)

```
{
    "Properties": {
        "CustomUserName": "Ralph"
    }
}
```

Responses:

Response (JSON)

```
[
    {
        "code": {
            "value": 1,
            "label": "S_Ok"
        },
        "description": null
    }
]
```

POST
/RealTimeAlarm/v2/Actions

/SetTakenIntoAccount	SetTakenIntoAccount multiple alarm
/ResetTakenIntoAccount	ResetTakenIntoAccount multiple alarm
/Ack	Acknowledge multiple alarm
/Mask	Mask multiple alarm
/Unmask	Unmask multiple alarm

Parameters:

Name	Value	Description	
Alarms	array of string	Alarms to be set	<i>mandatory</i>
Properties	array of [ExecuteUserActionParameters]	Additional properties	

Exemple payload (JSON)

```
{
  "Alarms": [
    "varsets.varset004.AlarmEventCodes.1",
    "varsets.varset004.AlarmEventCodes.2",
    "varsets.varset004.AlarmEventCodes.3",
    "varsets.varset004.AlarmEventCodes.4"
  ]
}
```

Responses:
Response (JSON)

```
[
  {
    "code": {
      "value": 1,
      "label": "S_Ok"
    },
    "description": null
  },
  {
    "code": {
      "value": 1,
      "label": "S_Ok"
    },
    "description": null
  },
  {
    "code": {
      "value": 1,
      "label": "S_Ok"
    },
    "description": null
  },
  {
    "code": {
      "value": 1,
      "label": "S_Ok"
    },
    "description": null
  }
]
```

3.5 Subscription

POST

/RealTimeAlarm/v2/Subscriptions

Creating a subscription

Parameters:

Name	Value	Description
properties	array of [AlarmRequestParameters]	Subscription parameters <i>mandatory</i>

Exemple payload (JSON)

```
{
  "Properties": {
    "MinLevel": "0",
    "MaxLevel": "3",
    "ElementMaxNumber": "10",
    "eventCodes": [
      "AlarmOnNotAck",
      "AlarmOnAck"
    ],
    "properties": "VariableName"
  }
}
```

Responses:

Response (TEXT)

```
1e74e4b6-b6fe-4d7d-9264-5edd9813d106--14--
```

GET

/RealTimeAlarm/v2/Subscriptions/{SubscriptionId}

Polling a subscription

Parameters:

Name	Value	Description
{SubscriptionId}	string	Subscription Id <i>mandatory</i>

Example URL

```
.../RealtimeAlarm/v2/Subscriptions/1e74e4b6-b6fe-4d7d-9264-5edd9813d106--14--/
```

Responses:

Response (JSON)

```
{
  "values": [
    {
      "removedFromList": false,
      "timestamp": "2022-06-29T08:30:45.453",
      "eventCode": "AlarmOnAck",
      "properties": null,
      "eventValue": 2
    }
  ],
  "maxNumberExceeded": false
}
```

PUT

/RealTimeAlarm/v2/Subscriptions/{SubscriptionId}

Modifying a subscription

Parameters:

Name	Value	Description
{SubscriptionId}	string	Subscription Id <i>mandatory</i>
properties	array of [AlarmRequestParameters]	Subscription parameters <i>mandatory</i>

Example URL

.../RealtimeData/v2/Subscriptions/961274e5-670c-47a0-99f5-f8371d4646bc--16--/

Exemple payload (JSON)

```
{
    "Properties": {
        "projectLanguage": "2",
        "ElementMaxNumber": "5",
        "MinLevel": "0",
        "MaxLevel": "29",
        "LogicalOperator": "0",
        "Filters": [
            "[Attribute03]='true'",
            "[Attribute04] = 'true'"
        ],
        "eventCodes": [
            "0",
            "1",
            "2"
        ],
        "Properties": [
            "0",
            "1"
        ],
        "Domain": "dom_P0",
        "Nature": "nat_P0"
    }
}
```

Responses:
Response (TEXT)

1e74e4b6-b6fe-4d7d-9264-5edd9813d106--14--

DELETE
/RealTimeAlarm/v2/Subscriptions/{SubscriptionId}

Cancelling a subscription

Parameters:

Name	Value	Description
{SubscriptionId}	string	Subscription Id mandatory

Example URL

.../RealtimeData/v2/Subscriptions/961274e5-670c-47a0-99f5-f8371d4646bc--16--/

Responses:
Response (JSON)

```
[
    {
        "code": {
            "value": 1,
            "label": "S_Ok"
        },
        "description": null
    }
]
```

3.6 Schemas

SVLanguage

Name	Value	Description
ContextDefault	0	
BaseLanguage	1	
AlternativeLanguage	2	

PriorityFilter

Name	Value	Description
All	0	
Minimum	1	
Maximum	2	

AlarmProperty

Name	Value	Description
VariableName	0	
AssocLabel	1	
StandardLabel	2	
UserName	3	
Station	4	
AlarmLevel	5	
Informations	6	
LogInformations	7	
TimestampType	8	
Description	9	
TextAttr01 → TextAttr16	10 → 25	
DeferredTextAttr03 → DeferredTextAttr16	26 → 39	
BinAttr	40	

AlarmSupportedEventCode

Name	Value	Description
AlarmOnNotAck	0	
AlarmOffNotAck	1	
AlarmOnAck	2	
AlarmOffAck	3	
AlarmUnavailable	4	
AlarmNotAccessible	5	
AlarmInhibited	6	
AlarmProgramMasked	7	
AlarmVariableMasked	8	
AlarmUserMasked	9	
AlarmExpressionMasked	10	
AlarmTakenIntoAccount	11	

AlarmRequestParameters

Name	Value	Description
projectLanguage	[SVLanguage]	
ElementMaxNumber	integer	

MinLevel	<i>integer</i>	
MaxLevel	<i>integer</i>	
eventCodes	<i>array of</i> <i>[AlarmSupportedEventCode]</i>	
priorityFilter	<i>[PriorityFilter]</i>	
properties	<i>array of</i> <i>[AlarmProperty]</i>	
filters	<i>array of string</i>	
LogicalOperator	<i>string</i>	
Domain	<i>string</i>	
Nature	<i>string</i>	
Format	<i>string</i>	
Context	<i>string</i>	
Token	<i>string</i>	
ServerId	<i>string</i>	
Sound	<i>string</i>	

ExecuteUserActionParameters

Name	Value	Description
CustomUserName	<i>string</i>	

4. Historical data access service

This service allows getting trend data in relation with the SV historical manager.

Through web service **HistoricalData**, the following operations are possible:

- Create a trend request
- Request archived trend data for a trend request
- Modify a trend request
- Delete a trend request

A *Token* must be requested prior to using this set of services.

HistoricalData Everything about HistoricalData REST services API Find out more: <https://localhost/HistoricalData/Help>

GET	/HistoricalData/v2/Configuration/LogLists	Get the LogList configuration	▼ 🔒
POST	/HistoricalData/v2/Trends	Creating a trend request	▼ 🔒
GET	/HistoricalData/v2/Trends/{RequestId}	Querying a trend request	▼ 🔒
PUT	/HistoricalData/v2/Trends/{RequestId}	Modifying a trend request	▼ 🔒
DELETE	/HistoricalData/v2/Trends/{RequestId}	Deleting a trend request	▼ 🔒

This service also allows getting archived events in relation with the SV historical manager. Those archived data are also known as logged events.

The following operations are possible:

- Create a log request
- Request logged data for a log request
- Modify a log request
- Delete a log request
- Get log list names
- Get filter names

A *Token* must be requested prior to using this set of services.

POST	/HistoricalData/v2/Logs Creating a log request	✓
GET	/HistoricalData/v2/Logs/{RequestId}/between Querying a log request between two dates	✓
GET	/HistoricalData/v2/Logs/{RequestId}/before Querying a log request before a date	✓
GET	/HistoricalData/v2/Logs/{RequestId}/after Querying a log request after a date	✓
GET	/HistoricalData/v2/Logs/{RequestId}/begin Querying a log request since the beginning	✓
GET	/HistoricalData/v2/Logs/{RequestId}/end Querying a log request until the end	✓
PUT	/HistoricalData/v2/Logs/{RequestId} Modifying a log request	✓
DELETE	/HistoricalData/v2/Logs/{RequestId} Deleting a log request	✓
GET	/HistoricalData/v2/Filters Returns the filters configuration of HistoricalData	✓
GET	/HistoricalData/v2>Status Returns the status of HistoricalData	✓

4.1 Common

For all methods:

- An authentication **Bearer token** is needed for the request to be authorized (in request header). Token must be delivered by OAuth web service.
- Allowed formats for body parameters: JSON or XML
- HTTP response table:

Code	Description	
200	Successful	No message
404	Not found	Bad uri
401	Unauthorized	Session expired (server side: E_InvalidSessionId) or token expired
400	Bad request	Bad parameters (sent by server)

4.2 Status

GET	/HistoricalData/v2>Status	Returns the status of HistoricalData
<i>Parameters:</i>		
No parameter		

Responses:

Response (JSON)
<pre>[{ "code": { "value": 1, "label": "S_Ok" }, "description": null }]</pre>

4.3 Configuration

GET

/HistoricalData/v2/Configuration/LogLists

Get the LogList configuration

Parameters:

No parameter

Responses:

Response (JSON)

```
{
  "loglist": [
    {
      "name": "Main",
      "minlevel": 0,
      "maxlevel": 29,
      "maxelement": 50,
      "allowfiltering": true,
      "alarmEvents": {
        "eventCodes": [
          "eventCode": [
            "AlarmOnNotAck",
            "AlarmOffNotAck",
            "AlarmOnAck",
            "AlarmOffAck",
            "AlarmNotAccessible"
          ]
        }
      },
      "bitChanges": {
        "eventCodes": [
          "eventCode": [
            "BitChangeTo0",
            "BitChangeTo1"
          ]
        }
      },
      "userActions": {
        "eventCodes": [
          "eventCode": [
            "UserActionSendProgram",
            "UserActionLogonLogoff"
          ]
        }
      }
    ]
  }
}
```

GET

/HistoricalData/v2/Filters

Returns the filters configuration of HistoricalData.

Parameters:

No parameter

Responses:

Response (JSON)

```
[  
  {  
    "name": "test_domain",  
    "description": "test_domain",  
    "expression": "[Attribute01]='test_domain'"  
  },  
  {  
    "name": "nat_ala",  
    "description": "nat_ala",  
    "expression": "[Attribute02]='nat_ala'"  
  },  
  {  
    "name": "nat_reg",  
    "description": "nat_reg",  
    "expression": "[Attribute02]='nat_reg'"  
  },  
  {  
    "name": "Dom_P0",  
    "description": "Dom_P0",  
    "expression": "[Attribute01]='Dom_P0'"  
  }  
]
```

4.4 Trends

POST

/HistoricalData/v2/Trends

Creating a trend request

Parameters:

Name	Value	Description	
VariableName	string	Name of the variable to be requested	mandatory
ElementMaxNumber	integer		
aggregateFunction	integer	0 = Raw, 1 = WindowPixelSize	
AggregateParam1	integer		
properties	array of [TrendProperty]		
projectLanguage	[SVLanguage]		
Context	string		
IncludeStartBound	boolean		
IncludeEndBound	boolean		

Exemple payload (JSON)

```
{
    "VariableName": "varsets.varset001.Chrono",
    "elementMaxNumber": "100",
    "properties": [
        "VariableName",
        "Description",
        "StandardLabel"
    ]
}
```

Responses:

Response (TEXT)

```
0b2bdb0-1fb3-4e17-aa23-f1d419c6ab10--12--
```

GET

/HistoricalData/v2/Trends/{RequestId}

Querying a trend request

Parameters:

Name	Value	Description	
{RequestId}	string	Request Id	mandatory
Start	string	Starting date	mandatory
End	string	Ending date	mandatory

Example URL

```
.../HistoricalData/v2/Trends/0b20-1fb3-4e17-aa23-f1d419c6ab10--12--?Start=2018-06-28 15:20:00&End=2018-07-28 16:30:00
```

Responses:

Response (JSON)

```
{
    "values": [
        {
            "value": 456.321,
            "timestamp": "2018-07-05T16:41:17.282",
            "quality": "Good",
            "qualityValue": 0,
            "properties": null
        }
    ]
}
```

```

        },
        {
            "value": 40,
            "timestamp": "2018-07-06T08:15:54.411",
            "quality": "Good",
            "qualityValue": 0,
            "properties": null
        }
    ],
    "maxNumberExceeded": false
}

```

PUT
/HistoricalData/v2/Trends/{RequestId}

Modifying a trend reques

Parameters:

Name	Value	Description	
{RequestId}	string	Request Id	mandatory
VariableName	string	Name of the variable to be requested	mandatory
ElementMaxNumber	integer		
aggregateFunction	integer	0 = Raw, 1 = WindowPixelSize	
AggregateParam1	integer		
properties	array of [TrendProperty]		
projectLanguage	[SVLanguage]		
Context	string		
IncludeStartBound	boolean		
IncludeEndBound	boolean		

Example URL

.../HistoricalData/v2/Trends/0b2bdba0-1fb3-4e17-aa23-f1d419c6ab10--12--/

Exemple playload (JSON)

```
{
    "VariableName": "varsets.varset007.Crono",
    "ElementMaxNumber": "1000",
    "Context": "\"Qualification\"",
    "includeStartBound": "true",
    "includeEndBound": "true",
    "properties": [
        "VariableName"
    ]
}
```

Responses:**Response (JSON)**

```
{
    "code": {
        "value": 1,
        "label": "S_Ok"
    },
    "Description": null
}
```

DELETE
/HistoricalData/v2/Trends/{RequestId}

Deleting a trend request

Parameters:

Name	Value	Description	
{RequestId}	string	Request Id	mandatory
Example URL			
.../HistoricalData/v2/Trends/0b2bdba0-1fb3-4e17-aa23-f1d419c6ab10--12--/			

Responses:

Response (JSON)

```
{
  "code": {
    "value": 1,
    "label": "S_Ok"
  },
  "Description": null
}
```

4.5 Logs

POST

/HistoricalData/v2/Logs

Creating a log request

Parameters:

Name	Value	Description
LogListName	string	Name of the requested log list
ElementMaxNumber	integer	
projectLanguage	[SVLanguage]	
eventCodes	array of [LogSupportedEventCode]	
MinLevel	integer	
MaxLevel	integer	
LogicalOperator	boolean	
properties	array of [LogProperty]	
filters	array of string	
AutoRefresh	boolean	
RefreshPeriod	integer	
Format	string	
Domain	string	
Nature	string	
Context	string	
LogIndex	[LogIndex]	

Exemple payload (JSON)

```
{
    "LogListName": "Actions",
    "projectLanguage": "ContextDefault",
    "ElementMaxNumber": "100",
    "properties": [
        "VarName",
        "Description"
    ],
    "eventCodes": [
        "BitChangeTo0",
        "BitChangeTo1",
        "AlarmOnNotAck",
        "AlarmOffNotAck",
        "AlarmOnAck",
        "AlarmOffAck",
        "UserActionAlarmAcknowledgement",
        "UserActionAlarmMaskUnmask",
        "UserActionSendCommand",
        "UserActionLogonLogoff"
    ]
}
```

Responses:

Response (TEXT)

0d29e467-6084-4e4f-9504-cb3541dafdee--9--

GET

/HistoricalData/v2/Logs/{RequestId}

/between	Querying a log request between two dates
/before	Querying a log request before a date
/after	Querying a log request after a date
/begin	Querying a log request since the beginning
/end	Querying a log request until the end

Parameters:

Name	Value	Description
{RequestId}	string	Request Id
Start		Starting date
End		Ending date
Example URL		
.../HistoricalData/v2/Logs/084-4e4f-9504-eb31dafdee--9--/between/?Start=2018-06-28 16:20:00&End=2018-07-09 17:20:00		

Responses:

Response (JSON)

```
{
  "values": [
    {
      "timestamp": "2018-07-06T10:26:23.359",
      "eventCode": "UserActionLogonLogoff",
      "corrupted": false,
      "eventValue": 256,
      "properties": [
        ""
      ]
    },
    {
      "timestamp": "2018-07-06T10:53:12.718",
      "eventCode": "UserActionLogonLogoff",
      "corrupted": false,
      "eventValue": 128,
      "properties": [
        ""
      ]
    }
  ],
  "maxNumberExceeded": false
}
```

PUT

/HistoricalData/v2/Logs/{RequestId}

Modifying a log request

Parameters:

Name	Value	Description
{RequestId}	string	Request Id
LogListName	string	Name of the requested log list
ElementMaxNumber	integer	
projectLanguage	[SVLanguage]	

eventCodes	<i>array of [LogSupportedEventCode]</i>	
MinLevel	<i>integer</i>	
MaxLevel	<i>integer</i>	
LogicalOperator	<i>boolean</i>	
properties	<i>array of [LogProperty]</i>	
filters	<i>array of string</i>	
AutoRefresh	<i>boolean</i>	
RefreshPeriod	<i>integer</i>	
Format	<i>string</i>	
Domain	<i>string</i>	
Nature	<i>string</i>	
Context	<i>string</i>	
LogIndex	<i>[LogIndex]</i>	

Example URL

.../HistoricalData/v2/Logs/6a684584-58a1-4ab5-a777-417ac0b2bc58--9--/

Exemple payload (JSON)

```
{
    "LogListName": "Main",
    "AutoRefresh": "1",
    "RefreshPeriod": "5",
    "ElementMaxNumber": "20",
    "properties": [
        "VarName",
        "Description"
    ],
    "eventCodes": [
        "BitChangeTo0",
        "BitChangeTo1",
        "AlarmOnNotAck",
        "AlarmOffNotAck",
        "AlarmOnAck",
        "AlarmOffAck"
    ]
}
```

Responses:

Response (JSON)

```
{
    "code": {
        "value": 1,
        "label": "S_Ok"
    },
    "Description": null
}
```

DELETE	/HistoricalData/v2/Logs/{RequestId}	Deleting a log request
Parameters:		
Name	Value	Description
{RequestId}	string	Request Id <i>mandatory</i>
Example URL		
.../HistoricalData/v2/Logs/6a684584-58a1-4ab5-a777-417ac0b2bc58--9--/		

Responses:

Response (JSON)
<pre>{ "code": { "value": 1, "label": "S_Ok" }, "Description": null }</pre>

4.6 Schemas

SVLanguage

<i>Name</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Description</i>
ContextDefault	0	
BaseLanguage	1	
AlternativeLanguage	2	

LogIndex

<i>Name</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Description</i>
Id	string	
LowEventValue	Integer	
HighEventValue	Integer	
Station	Integer	
ItemSearch	boolean	

TrendProperty

<i>Name</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Description</i>
VariableName	0	
Description	1	
AssocLabel	2	
StandardLabel	3	
UserName	4	
Station	5	
AlarmLevel	6	
Informations	7	
LogInformations	8	
TimestampType	9	
TextAttr01 → TextAttr16	10 → 25	
DeferredTextAttr03 → DeferredTextAttr16	26 → 39	
BinAttr	40	

LogProperty

Name	Value	Description
VariableName	0	
Description	1	
AssocLabel	2	
StandardLabel	3	
UserName	4	
Station	5	
AlarmLevel	6	
Informations	7	
LogInformations	8	
TimestampType	9	
TextAttr01 → TextAttr16	10 → 25	
DeferredTextAttr03 → DeferredTextAttr16	26 → 39	
BinAttr	40	

LogSupportedEventCode

Name	Value	Description
BitChangeTo0	0	
BitChangeTo1	1	
BitUnavailable	2	
AlarmOnNotAck	3	
AlarmOffNotAck	4	
AlarmOnAck	5	
AlarmOffAck	6	
AlarmUnavailable	7	
AlarmOn	8	
AlarmOff	9	
AlarmNotAccessible	10	
AlarmInhibited	11	
AlarmProgramMasked	12	
AlarmVariableMasked	13	
AlarmUserMasked	14	
AlarmExpressionMasked	15	
UserActionSendCommand	16	
UserActionAlarmAcknowledgement	17	
UserActionAlarmMaskUnmask	18	
UserActionLogonLogoff	19	
UserActionSendProgram	20	

ARC Informatique

Headquarters and Paris offices
2 avenue de la Cristallerie
92310 Sèvres - France

tel + 33 1 41 14 36 00
fax + 33 1 46 23 86 02
hotline +33 1 41 14 36 25

arcnews@arcinfo.com
www.pcvuesolutions.com

ARC Informatique

Private limited company
capitalized
at 1 250 000 €
RCS Nanterre B 320 695 356
APE 5829C
SIREN 320 695 356
VAT N°FR 19320695356

SV Web Services Toolkit REST API

© Copyright 2022. All rights reserved.

Reproduction partial or integral is prohibited without prior authorization
All names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.



ISO 9001 and ISO 14001 certified